

**Safety Data Sheet**

according to 29 CFR 1910.1200(g)

**ACMOS 100-2450**

Print date: 17.06.2015

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**1. Identification****Product identifier**

ACMOS 100-2450

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet****Manufacturer**

Company name: ACMOS CHEMIE KG  
Street: Industriestrasse 49  
Place: D-28199 Bremen  
Post-office box: 10 10 69  
D-28010 Bremen  
Telephone: +49 (0)421-5189-0  
Telefax: +49 (0)421-511415  
e-mail: acmos@acmos.com  
Contact person: Mr. Dryhaus  
Internet: www.acmos.com  
Responsible Department: Laboratory (Division: Occupational- / Product security) - see under section 16

**Emergency phone number:**

+49 (0)551-19240 (Emergency information service / official advisory body:  
Giftinformationszentrum Nord, Universität Göttingen, 24 h from mo. - su.)  
Language(s) of Telephone Service: D, GB

**Supplier**

Company name: ACMOS Inc.  
Street: 1407 York Road, Suite 305  
Place: USA-MD 21093 Lutherville  
Telephone: 001-410-296-5994  
Telefax: 001-410-296-5998  
e-mail: acmosinc@acmosinc.com  
Contact person: Mr. Reinhard E. Zuber  
Telephone: 001-410-736-9922  
(mobile)  
e-mail: reinhard@acmosinc.com  
Internet: www.acmosinc.com

**Emergency phone number:**

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC - Day or Night Within the USA and Canada)  
Language(s) of Telephone Service: GB

**2. Hazard(s) identification****Classification of the chemical**

Hazard categories:  
Flammable aerosols: Flam. Aerosol 1  
Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Irrit. 2  
Specific target organ toxicity single exposure: STOT SE 3  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 2  
Hazard Statements:  
Extremely flammable aerosol  
Pressurised container: may burst if heated  
Causes skin irritation  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Label elements**

Signal word:

Danger

Pictograms:

**Hazard statements**

Extremely flammable aerosol  
Pressurised container: may burst if heated  
Causes skin irritation  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary statements**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

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Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
Avoid breathing spray.  
Avoid release to the environment.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.  
If on skin: Wash with plenty of Water and soap.  
Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.  
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.  
Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local regulations.

**Additional advice on labelling**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

**Hazards not otherwise classified**

Adverse physicochemical effects:

See section 9 for physical and chemical properties.

The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.

The accumulation in lowlying or closed rooms can cause increased danger of fire and explosion.

Vapours can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode.

Vapours of flammable solvents can accumulate in the gas phase of closed container, especially during heat treatment.

Therefore keep away from fire and sources of ignition.

This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).

The product will be applied by spraying.

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Even after use and until complete evaporation of the flammable components, there is still a danger of an explosive steam-air mixture forming.

The product does have a sealed spraying device.

Caution! Container under pressure.

Adverse human health effects and symptoms:

See section 11 for toxicological information.

Adverse environmental effects:

See section 12 for environmental information.

Other adverse effects:

No special remarkable hazards.

Results of PBT-/vPvB-assessment:

See under section 12.5 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients****Mixtures****Chemical characterization**

Aerosole : Active ingredients with propane/butane as propellant

**Hazardous components**

CAS No	Components	Quantity
64742-49-0	hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	54.3519 %

**4. First-aid measures****Description of first aid measures****General information**

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Put victim at rest, cover with a blanket and keep warm.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if

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possible).

Self-protection of the first aider:

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

First Aid.

Notes for the doctor:

No special measures are necessary.

**After inhalation**

Remove victim out of the danger area.

Provide fresh air.

In the case of lung irritation: Primary treatment using corticoide spray, eg. Auxiloson spray, Pulmicort-dosage-spray.

(Auxiloson and Pulmicort are registered trademarks). Call a physician immediately.

Consult a doctor immediately in the case of inhaling spray mist and show him packing or label.

**After contact with skin**

Wash immediately with:

Water and soap

Rub greasy ointment into the skin.

Do not wash with:

Solvents/Thinner

In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

**After contact with eyes**

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Protect uninjured eye.

**After ingestion**

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Give nothing to eat or drink.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.

Call a physician immediately.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The following symptoms may occur:

Cough

Dyspnoea

Cyanosis (blue coloured blood)

Acidosis

Central nervous system depression

Headache

Nausea

Drowsiness

Dizziness

Inebriation

Unconsciousness

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically.

Regulation of the blood circulation, possible shock treatment.

Where appropriate artificial ventilation.

**5. Fire-fighting measures****Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing media**

Water mist

Extinguishing powder (ABC-powder)

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Fire class (DIN EN 2): B (Fires of liquids or liquid turning substances).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Full water jet

Water spray jet



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#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In principle, fire gasses of organic materials have to be classified as toxic to the respiratory system.  
Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products:

Carbon monoxide.  
carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Hydrocarbons  
Pyrolysis products, toxic

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Usual measures of preventive and averting fire protection.  
Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.  
Do not inhale explosion and combustion gasses.  
Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion.  
Beware of reignition.  
Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen.  
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.  
Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.  
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.  
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.  
DIN-/EN-Norms: EN 469  
Firefighting protective clothing.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.  
Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.  
Remove all sources of ignition.  
Remove persons to safety.  
Be aware that gasses can spread at ground level (heavier than air) and pay attention to the wind direction.  
Provide adequate ventilation.

For non-emergency personnel:

Use personal protection equipment.  
Walk out of the danger zone and notify trained personnel.  
Emergency procedures:  
Keep the factory emergency plan and the information chain.

For emergency responders:

Use personal protection equipment.  
The personal protective equipment must be adapted to the situation.  
Suitable material:  
See under section 8.2 - Personal protection equipment.

#### Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.  
Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.  
Ensure waste is collected and contained.  
Suppress gasses/vapours/mists with water spray jet.  
In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment:  
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).  
Remove from the water surface (e.g. skimming, sucking).  
Cover drains.

For cleaning up:

Clean-up methods - large spillage:  
Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).  
Shovel into suitable container for disposal.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.



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Clean-up methods - small spillage:  
Clear spills immediately.  
Wipe up with absorbent material (eg. cloth, fleece).  
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.  
Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.  
Recommended cleansing agent:  
Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners.  
Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.  
Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a waste water treatment plant.  
Ventilate affected area.

Suitable material for taking up:

Sand  
Kieselguhr  
Universal binder  
Absorbing material, organic

Unsuitable material for taking up:

None known

#### Reference to other sections

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation:

It is recommended to design all work processes always so that the following is excluded:

Inhalation of vapours or spray/mists

Eye contact

Skin contact

Technical ventilation of workplace

Vapours are heavier than air.

Provide room air exhaust at ground level.

During filling, metering and sampling should be used if possible:

Splashproof grounded devices

Devices with local exhaust

Use only in a exhaust booth with integrated air filter.

Use in ventilated spray booths only.

Ensure that fresh air is supplied to the breathing zone of the operator and exhaust air is removed in his back!

Re-circulation of exhaust air is not recommended.

#### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Measures to prevent fire:

The product is: Extremely flammable.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Reignition possible over considerable distance.

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems.

Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away.

Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames.

Usual measures for fire prevention.

Fire-fighting equipment on the basis of class B.

Wear anti-static footwear and clothing

Measures according to German "Explosion rules" required:

Prevention measures regarding formation of explosible atmosphere (restriction and supervision of concentration, inertisation, airtightness, ventilation, warning device, etc.).

Prevention measures regarding ignition of explosible atmosphere (zone graduation, removing of ignition sources, explosion-proof electrical installation, earthing, etc.).

Constructive measures for restriction of effects regarding explosions (resistance to pressure of explosions, discharge of

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pressure of explosions, suppression of explosions, etc.).

**Further information on handling**

Environmental precautions:

Shafts and sewers must be protected from entry of the product.

Transfer wash-downs in sealed containers.

For restriction of emission on volatile organic compounds (VOC) the solvent vapours should be supplied to exhaust air purification facilities (filter, gas washer, incineration).

Advices on general occupational hygiene:

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500.

General industrial hygiene practice.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Working places should be designed to allow cleaning at any time.

Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly.

Clean spray booth and exhaust hood completely with every product change.

When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities****Requirements for storage rooms and vessels**

Suitable floor material:

Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Protect against:

Heat

Cold

Recommended storage temperature: +10 ... +30 °C

Keep away from:

Food and feedingstuffs

Packaging materials:

Suitable container/equipment material:

Keep/Store only in original container.

Unsuitable container/equipment material:

See under section 8.2 - Hand protection.

**Advice on storage compatibility**

Do not store together with:

Storage class:

1 (Explosive hazardous substances)

4.1 A (Other potentially explosive hazardous substances)

4.1 B (Flammable solids)

4.2 (Pyrophoric or self-heating substances)

4.3 (Hazardous substances that release flammable gases when in contact with water)

5.1 A (Highly oxidising substances)

5.1 B (Oxidising substances)

5.1 C (Ammonium nitrate and preparations containing ammonium nitrate)

5.2 (Organic peroxides and self-reactive substances)

6.2 (Infectious substances)

7 (Radioactive substances)

**Further information on storage conditions**

Technical measures and storage conditions:

The valid water and zoning ordinances must be observed.

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Keep container tightly closed.

Protect containers against damage.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area.

Store small packages in a suitable, robust cabinet.

Do not store outside.

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See also instructions on the label.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection**
**Control parameters**
**Exposure limits**

CAS No.	Substance	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	f/cc	Category	Origin
142-82-5	Heptane (n-Heptane)	500	2000		TWA (8 h)	PEL
68476-85-7	L.P.G. (Liquified petroleum gas)	1000	1800		TWA (8 h)	PEL
68476-85-7	L.P.G.	1000	1800		TWA (8 h)	REL
142-82-5	n-Heptane	85	350		TWA (8 h)	REL
		C 440	C 1800		Ceiling	REL

**Additional advice on limit values**

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health - NIOSH (<http://cdc.gov/niosh/pel88/pelstart.html>) / Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Department of Labour ([http://osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owasrch.search\\_form?p\\_doc\\_type=SATNDARSp\\_toc\\_level=0](http://osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owasrch.search_form?p_doc_type=SATNDARSp_toc_level=0))  
Source of law:

**Recommended monitoring procedures:**

Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents (BS EN 14042):

Room air monitoring

Test tube

**Preliminary concentration measurements:**

Suitable detector tubes for measuring the current concentration in the air at the workplace: DRÄGER test tubes - short-term tubes (<http://www.gasmesstechnik.de>)

DRÄGER test tubes - Short-term tubes - Petroleum hydrocarbons 10 / a (n-octane, measuring range : 10 - 300 ppm, response time : 60 sec) (<http://www.gasmesstechnik.de>)

DRÄGER test tubes - Short-term tubes - Petroleum hydrocarbons 100 / a (n-octane, measuring range : 100 - 2500 ppm, response time : 30 sec) (<http://www.gasmesstechnik.de>)

Preventive industrial medical examinations are to be offered.

See under section 15.1 - National regulations.

Exposure limits at intended use:

DNEL-/PNEC-values:

There are no exposure scenarios attached in the Appendix of this Safety Data Sheet.

Risk management measures according to used control banding approach:

Control banding for chemicals according to the ILO CHEMICAL CONTROL TOOLKIT (ICCT): ICCT-Guidelines and Control Guidance Sheets ([http://www.ilo.org/legacy/english/protection/safework/ctrl\\_banding/toolkit/main\\_guide.pdf](http://www.ilo.org/legacy/english/protection/safework/ctrl_banding/toolkit/main_guide.pdf))

Used model:

Consider appropriate model solutions according to good engineering practices while designing the work process if available.

**Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure during identified uses:

Technical measures to prevent exposure:

Design of appropriate work processes and engineering controls and the use of adequate materials (model solutions as



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certified working methods, working appliance according to the state of the art, models of working times).

Organisational measures to prevent exposure:

Execution of collective protection measures at source and appropriate organisational measures (local exhaust ventilation, ventilation by technical means, general ventilation, measures on averting a danger at breakdowns / at emergencies / after accidents, first aid measures, manner related measures: operating instruction / instruction of employees, occupational medicine health precaution).

Structural measures to prevent exposure:

Execution of individual and personnel protection measures (personal protective equipment - PPE).

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn.

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

References for design of technical equipment:

See under section 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling.

Summary of the risk management measures for exposure scenario:

Use only the following product amount per time unit:

No information available.

Minimum room-width and room-height for handling/application:

No information available.

Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour):

No information available.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection ()

Recommended eye protection articles:

UVEX I-VO / UVEX I-3 / UVEX SUPER OTG

Or comparable articles from other companies.

##### Hand protection

Skin protection:

Preventive skin protection.:

Draw up skin protection programme.

Before starting work, apply solvent-resistant skincare preparations.

e.g. sansibal® / sansibon®, dualin® (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

e.g. ecosan®, topscrub® soft / topscrub® extra / topscrub® nature (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

After cleaning apply high-fat content skin care cream.

e.g. physioderm® creme, cura soft® / cUrea soft (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

Apply skin care products after work.

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits.

The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.

Decrease wearing protection gloves to an inevitable degree to avoid skin rash.

Technical and organizational protective actions have to be preferred.

Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration.

Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.

Wear cotton undermitten if possible.

Change preventive gloves once by hour or use special skin-protective preparations for protective gloves carrier,

e.g. physioderm® proGlove (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration.

Do not wear gloves near rotary machines and tools.

Dispose preventive gloves after defect or expiry of wearing time. Replace when worn.

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Wearing time with permanent contact:

Suitable gloves type:

Gloves with long cuffs

Recommended glove articles:



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Suitable materials at long term, direct contact (Recommended: Preventive index 6, accordingly > 480 min. permeation time):

Nitrile rubber / NBR (KCL-CAMATRIL VELOURS® - Art. No. 730) - Layer thickness : 0,4 mm

Fluorine rubber / FKM / Viton (KCL-VITOJECT® - Art. No. 890) - Layer thickness : 0,7 mm

Or comparable articles from other companies.

Unsuitable material:

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

NR (natural rubber, natural latex)

Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes):

Suitable gloves type:

Disposable gloves

Recommended glove articles:

Suitable materials at short term contact or splash (Recommended: Preventive index 3, accordingly > 60 min. permeation time):

Disposable gloves of special nitrile rubber / NBR (KCL-DERMATRIL® P - Art. No. 743) - Layer thickness : 0,2 mm

Or comparable articles from other companies.

The statements are based on self-tests, literary reference and information of glove manufacturers or have been derived from similar substances by analogy.

Source: CHEMIKALIEN-MANAGER - KCL-software for hand protection.

It has to be noticed, that daily time of use of chemical protective gloves may be quite shorter in practice because of many factors of influence (e.g. thermal and mechanical stress as well as special conditions on the floor) than the permeation time determined in accordance to EN 374.

The respective permeation time doubles/halves at about 1,5 times larger/lower layer thickness.

Declared permeation times are not carried out under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time up to 50 % of breakthrough time is recommended.

They relate to the pure solvent as mean component.

Barrier creams are not substitutes for body protection.

**Skin protection**

Suitable protective clothing:

Overall, Natural fibres (e.g. cotton) ( )

For the protection against direct skin contact, body protective clothing is essential (in addition to the usual working clothes).

When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CE-labels including the four control digits must be worn.

DIN-/EN-Norms: DIN EN 468

Chemical protection clothing (Disposable suit antistatic)

Type 6 limited splash-tight

Type 5 Particle-tight (method B)

Type 4 Spray-tight

Recommended protective clothing articles:

TYVEK CLASSIC PLUS (DU PONT)

Or comparable articles from other companies.

Chemical resistant safety shoes with conductible sole ( )

Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area.

Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing.

Thermal hazards:

No thermal hazards during use of this product.

**Respiratory protection**

Respiratory protection necessary at:

exceeding exposure limit values

aerosol or mist formation

high concentrations

prolonged exposure

insufficient ventilation

insufficient exhaust

Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

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Filter types: A, B, E, K. Class 1: Maximum permitted contaminant concentration in inhaled air = 1000 mL/m<sup>3</sup> (0.1 % by vol.); class 2: maximum permitted contaminant concentration in inhaled air = 5000 mL/m<sup>3</sup> (0.5 % by vol.); class 3: maximum permitted contaminant concentration in inhaled air = 10000 mL/m<sup>3</sup> (1.0 % by vol.)

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190).

The use of filter equipment requires a minimum oxygen content of 17 Vol-% in the surrounding atmosphere and that the maximum permitted gas concentration - normally 0,5 Vol-% - is not exceeded.

Suitable respiratory protection apparatus:

Half-face mask or quarter facepiece: maximum use concentration for substances with exposure limits: P1 filter: up to a max. of 4 times the exposure limit. P2 filter: up to a max. of 10 times the exposure limit. P3 filter: up to a max. of 30 times the expo

Recommended respiratory protection articles:

Half mask or quarter mask with combination filter A1P1/A2P2 for gases, vapors and particles. (EN 140, EN 14387)

Filtering half mask or quarter mask with combination filter FFA1 P1/FFA2P2 for gases, vapors and particles. (EN 405)

Gas filtrating Half-face mask FFA (EN 405)

Model 4251 (FFA1P1 - 1000 ml/m<sup>3</sup>) / 4255 (FFA2P2SL - 5000 ml/m<sup>3</sup>) (3M)

Half-face mask or Quarter-face mask with gas filter (EN 140, EN 14387)

Filter type 6051 (A1 - 1000 ml/m<sup>3</sup>) / 6055 (A2 - 5000 ml/m<sup>3</sup>) (3M)

Full-face mask with gas filter (EN 136, EN 14387)

Gas filter type: A, Indication colour: brown

Or comparable articles from other companies.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Environmental exposure controls:

Technical measures to prevent exposure:

Discharge exhaust air only with suitable separators to atmosphere.

Organisational measures to prevent exposure:

Should not be released into the environment.

Structural measures to prevent exposure:

Use the following recovery and/or abatement technique for cleaning waste gases:

Exhaust air scrubber

Adsorption

Incineration

Further information see under section 6.2 - Environmental precautions.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state: aerosol  
Color: light yellow  
Odor: characteristic

**Test method**

pH-Value: not applicable

**Changes in the physical state**

Melting point/freezing point: not determined  
Initial boiling point and boiling range: > -42 °C literature value  
Sublimation point: not applicable  
Softening point: not applicable  
Pour point: not applicable  
Flash point: > -97 °C literature value

**Flammability**

Solid: not applicable (Aerosol)  
Gas: not applicable (Aerosol)

**Explosive properties**

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

The statements for steam pressure, ignition point and explosion levels apply to the solvent / solvent mixture.

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Lower explosion limits: 1,0 vol. % literature value  
Upper explosion limits: 9,4 vol. % literature value  
Ignition temperature: > 200 °C literature value

**Auto-ignition temperature**

Solid: Not pyrophoric.  
Gas: Not pyrophoric.  
Decomposition temperature: not determined

**Oxidizing properties**

not relevant

Vapor pressure: < 3000 hPa literature value  
(at 20 °C)

Vapor pressure: < 7000 hPa literature value  
(at 50 °C)

Density (at 20 °C): 0,66 g/cm<sup>3</sup> calculated.

Bulk density: not applicable (Aerosol)

Water solubility: insoluble: < 0,1 g/L literature value  
(at 20 °C)

**Solubility in other solvents**

miscible with most organic solvents

Partition coefficient: not applicable (Mixtures)

Viscosity / dynamic: not applicable

Viscosity / kinematic: not applicable

Flow time: not applicable

Vapour density: ~ 2.0 (Air=1) literature value  
(at 25 °C)

Evaporation rate: not determined

Solvent separation test: not applicable

**Other information**

Solid content: not determined

Temperature class (DIN EN 60079-0): T 3 (T > +200 °C ... <= +300 °C)

Limiting oxygen concentration (LOC) (DIN EN 14756): No data available

Explosion group: IIA

Maximum experimental safe gap (MESG) (IEC 60079-1-1): > 0,9 mm

Minimum ignition current (MIC) (IEC 60079-11): No data available

Minimum ignition energy (MIE) (DIN EN 13673-1): No data available

Odour threshold: 500 ppm ((butane), literature value)

Molecular weight: No data available

Data apply to the main component.

Conductivity (ASTM D 2624): No data available

Surface tension: No data available

Fat solubility (g/L): No data available

Calculated oxidation potential of the mixture (OP): not relevant

The product is a foam aerosol.

specific heat of combustion (Delta Hc(i)) in kJ/g: >= 30 kJ/g

Solvent content (%): 54 %

Propellant content (%): 35 %

Substance group relevant properties:

Explosives

not applicable:

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.:

Flammable gases

not applicable (Aerosol)

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Flammable aerosols

Extremely flammable aerosol.

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

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Oxidising gases  
Not oxidising.

Gases under pressure  
not applicable (Aerosol)

Flammable liquids  
not applicable (Aerosol)

Flammable solids  
not applicable (Aerosol)

Self-reactive substances and mixtures  
not applicable

Pyrophoric liquids  
Not pyrophoric.

Pyrophoric solids  
Not pyrophoric.

self-heating substances and mixtures  
not applicable

Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases  
not applicable

Oxidising liquids  
Not oxidising.

Oxidising gases  
Not oxidising.

Organic peroxides  
not applicable

Corrosive to metals.  
Not corrosive to metals.

**10. Stability and reactivity****Reactivity**

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

**Chemical stability**

Stability: Stable

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous reactions: Will not occur

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

**Conditions to avoid**

Heat, flames and sparks.

Further information see under section 7.2 - Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Further information see under section 10.5 - Incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials**

Violent reaction with:

Oxidising agent, strong

Further information see under section 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

No known hazardous decomposition products.

Under fire conditions: See under section 5.2 - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on toxicological effects****Route(s) of Entry**

Inhalation : X

Skin : X

Ingestion : X

**Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution**

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

The product has not been tested.

Information on likely routes of exposure /

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

See under section 4.2 - Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

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Exposure route:

In case of ingestion:

The product does have a sealed spraying device.

In case of skin contact:

Irritant.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).

Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

In case of inhalation:

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification.

Narcotic effects

In case of eye contact:

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification.

Conjunctival redness.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure:

Not relevant

Interactive effects:

Not relevant

Absence of specific data:

No data is available on the product itself. Description of possible hazardous to health effects is based on experience and/or toxicological characteristics of several components.

However, some datas are not complete regarding particular main components. Nevertheless according to the experience of the manufacturer there are no other hazards expected then those which are already mentioned on the label.

Mixture versus substance information:

Not relevant

**Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Components				
	Exposure routes	Method	Dose	Species	Source
64742-49-0	hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics				
	oral	LD50	> 5840 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA [read-across]
	dermal	LD50	> 2800 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA [read-across]
	inhalative (4 h) vapour	LC50	> 23,3 mg/l	Rat	ECHA [read-across]

**Irritation and corrosivity**

Causes skin irritation

**Sensitizing effects**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness (hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics)

**Severe effects after repeated or prolonged exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity (NTP): None of the ingredients is listed.

Carcinogenicity (IARC): Petroleum solvents is listed in group 3.

Carcinogenicity (OSHA): None of the ingredients is listed.

**Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**12. Ecological information****Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic toxicity:

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## Acute (short-term) fish toxicity:

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.

## Acute (short-term) toxicity to crustacea:

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.

## Acute (short-term) toxicity to aquatic algae and cyanobacteria:

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.

## Chronic (long-term) toxicity to crustacea:

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.

## Chronic (long-term) fish toxicity:

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.

## Toxicity to other aquatic plants/organisms:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Terrestrial toxicity:

## Acute and subchronic bird toxicity:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Bird reproduction toxicity:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Acute earthworm toxicity:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Chronical earthworm toxicity (reproduction):

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Useful insect toxicity:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Acute plant toxicity:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Chronic plant toxicity:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Toxicity to soil macroorganisms except of arthropods:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Effects on soil microorganisms:

No data available (Substances/ingredient)

## Behaviour in waste water treatment plants:

Due to its low solubility in water the product is almost completely mechanically separated in biological sewage plants.

**Persistence and degradability**

## Abiotic degradation:

## Physicochemical elimination:

## Oxidation:

not applicable (Mixtures)

## Hydrolysis:

not applicable (Mixtures)

## Photochemical elimination:

## photolysis:

not applicable (Mixtures)

## Ozonolysis:

not applicable (Mixtures)

## Biodegradation:

not applicable (Mixtures)

**Bioaccumulative potential**

not applicable (Mixtures)

**Mobility in soil**

## Surface tension:

See under section 9.1 - Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

## Distribution:

## Water-air (volatility rate, Henry-constant):

not applicable (Mixtures)

Product is easily volatile.

The information about ecology refers to the main components.

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Soil-Water (Adsorption coefficient):  
not applicable (Mixtures)  
Soil-Air (volatility rate):  
not applicable (Mixtures)  
Product is easily volatile.  
The information about ecology refers to the main components.

This product contains one or more hydrocarbon UVCB's. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for this complex substance.

**Other adverse effects**

Ozone depletion potential (ODP):  
No data available (Substances/ingredient)  
Photochemical ozone creation potential (POCP):  
No data available (Substances/ingredient)  
Global warming potential (GWP):  
No data available (Substances/ingredient)  
Endocrine disrupting potential:  
No data available

AOX: Product does not contain any organic halogens.

**13. Disposal considerations****Waste treatment methods****Advice on disposal**

Waste treatment options:  
Send to a hazardous waste incinerator facility under observation of official regulations.

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.  
Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.  
Properties of waste which render it hazardous:  
Irritant.  
Ecotoxic

Evidence for disposal must be provided.  
Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.  
Waste for recycling is to be classified and labelled.  
For recycling, contact recycling exchanges.  
May not be disposed or deposited together with domestic garbage.  
Do not mix with other wastes.  
Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.  
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Before discharge in public drains (e.g. residues of washing- and rinsing liquids) please observe the relevant regulations.  
In case of further questions please contact your waste- or environmental representative or the responsible authority.  
Clean IBCs or drums at approved facility only.  
The waste producer is responsible for correct coding and designation of his wastes.  
The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.  
List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC:

**RCRA Hazardous wastes (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act)**

D001 Ignitability

**Contaminated packaging**

Other disposal recommendations:  
none

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.  
Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local regulations.

**14. Transport information****US DOT 49 CFR 172.101**

<b><u>UN/ID number:</u></b>	UN1950
<b><u>Proper shipping name:</u></b>	AEROSOLS
<b><u>Transport hazard class(es):</u></b>	2.1
Hazard label:	2.1

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**Marine transport (IMDG)**

**UN number:** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS (Naphtha (Petroleum), hydrotreated, light)  
**Transport hazard class(es):** 2.1  
**Packing group:** -  
Hazard label: 2.1



Marine pollutant: P  
Limited quantity: 1000 mL  
EmS: F-D, S-U

**Other applicable information**

Excepted quantity: E0  
Exception(s): Not applicable

Marking: UN 1950 AEROSOLS, [LIMITED QUANTITIES: --- (Amdt. 37-14)]

**Air transport (ICAO)**

**UN number:** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE  
**Transport hazard class(es):** 2.1  
**Packing group:** -  
Hazard label: 2.1



Limited quantity Passenger: 30 kg G  
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: 203  
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger: 75 kg  
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo: 203  
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo: 150 kg

**Other applicable information**

Excepted quantity: E0  
Passenger-LQ: Y203  
ERG Kodex: 3L

The state variations in chapter 2.8.1 and the operator variations in chapter 2.8.3 for shipping of dangerous goods in limited quantities according to chapter 2.7 of the valid ICAO/IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations have to be observed.

The rulings for dangerous goods by air mail according to chapter 2.4 of the valid ICAO/IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations and the conventions of the Universal Postal Union (UPU) as well as the clauses of the relevant National Postal Administration have to be observed. Airmail: prohibited.

**Environmental hazards**

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: yes



Danger releasing substance: Naphtha (Petroleum), hydrotreated, light

**Special precautions for user**

Further information see under section 6, 7, 8.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

No bulk transport in accordance with IBC code.  
It is sold exclusively in traffic legally authorized and appropriate packaging.

**Other applicable information**

Postal, express and courier services:  
Postal service (national):  
Refer to your National Postal Administration.



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Express freight / special delivery:  
Refer to your National Postal Administration.  
Courier service (national):  
The general conditions of business of the particular courier service have to be observed.

**15. Regulatory information****U.S. Regulations****National Inventory TSCA**

All intentional used ingredients of this product are listed in the TSCA-inventory or correspond to TSCA-exceptions on polymers according to 40 CFR 723.

**National regulatory information**

SARA Section 311/312 Hazards:

hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics (64742-49-0): Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

Butane (106-97-8): Fire hazard

Propane (74-98-6): Fire hazard

Clean Air Act Section 112(r):

Butane (106-97-8): Threshold quantities = 10,000 lbs.

Propane (74-98-6): Threshold quantities = 10,000 lbs.

**SARA**

None of the ingredients is listed.

**State Regulations****Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65, State of California)**

This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Additional information**

California - Proposition 65 ([http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\\_list/Newlist.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html)): No data available

Delaware - Air Quantity Management List: No data available

Idaho - Air Pollutants List: No data available

Maine - Hazardous Air Pollutants List: No data available

Massachusetts - Hazardous Substances: No data available

Michigan - Critical Materials: No data available

Minnesota - Hazardous Substances: No data available

New Jersey - Right-to-Know (RTK) Hazardous Substances, TCPA EHS List: No data available

New York - List of Hazardous Substances: No data available

Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substances: No data available

Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants: No data available

West Virginia - Toxic Air Pollutant List: No data available

**Additional information**

Other regulations, restrictions and prohibition regulations:

International chemical inventories (Registration status on substances): No data available

**16. Other information****Hazardous Materials Information Label (HMIS)**

Health: 1

Flammability: 4

Physical Hazard: 0

Personal Protection: I

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**NFPA Hazard Ratings**

Health:	1
Flammability:	4
Reactivity:	0
Unique Hazard:	---
Revision date:	24.11.2014
Revision No:	3,00

**Changes**

This version replaces all former issues.

Changes made in this revision see section: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.  
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.  
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.  
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level.  
EC50: Effective concentration, 50 percent.  
EC: European community.  
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.  
EN: European standard.  
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.  
IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations.  
IBC-Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (International Bulk Chemical Code).  
IC50 / ErC50: Inhibitory concentration, 50 percent.  
ICAO-TI: International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instruction.  
IMDG-Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.  
ISO: A standard of International Standards Organisation.  
IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database.  
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.  
LD50: Lethal Dose, 50 percent.  
log Kow (Pow): octanol-water partition coefficient.  
LQ: Limited Quantities.  
MARPOL: Maritime Pollution Convention (Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships).  
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.  
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulabe and toxic.  
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration.  
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
UN: United Nations.  
vPvB: Very persistent and very bioakkumulable.

**Other data**

Full text of all R-, H-, EUH-phrases which are referred to in section 2 and 3 of this safety data sheet - see previous list. These (this) R-, H-, EUH-phrases/R-, H-, EUH-phrases apply/applies to the substance(s) of content, however, it does not necessarily show the classification of the product.

Key literature references and sources for data:

The classification corresponds to current EC-lists, but is completed by statements of technical literature and company data.

Other public accessible sources:

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) in the valid version in each case

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) in the valid version in each case

Further information and practical guides on the internet:

European Chemical Substances Information System - ESIS (<http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu>)

European Chemicals Agency - ECHA (<http://echa.europa.eu>)

ECHA - Registered substances (<http://echa.europa.eu/de/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances>)

ECHA - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (<http://echa.europa.eu/de/candidate-list-table>)

ECHA - List of restrictions table

(<http://echa.europa.eu/de/addressing-chemicals-of-concern/restrictions/list-of-restrictions/list-of-restrictions-table>)

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## ECHA - Authorisation List

(<http://echa.europa.eu/hr/addressing-chemicals-of-concern/authorisation/recommendation-for-inclusion-in-the-authorisation-list/authorisation-list>)

ECHA - C&L Inventory (<http://echa.europa.eu/en/web/guest/regulations/clp/cl-inventory>)

eChemPortal (<http://www.echemportal.org>)

The access to European Union law - EUR-Lex (<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>)

Environmental Protection Agency - EPA (<http://www.epa.gov>) / ECOTOX-Database (<http://cfpub.epa.gov/ecotox>)

## Recommended restriction of application :

See under section 1.2 - Uses advised against.

Use this product only for intended purpose in accordance with our product informations.

Please refer to our internet website for more information (<http://www.acmos.com>).

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Calculation method.

## Training advice:

Yearly briefing and instruction of employees by means of of operation instructions according to article 8 of EC-directive 98/24/EC.

Inquiry office: Laboratory (Division: Occupational- /Product security)

Contact person: Mr. Dryhaus (Telephone: +49-421-5189-0, Telefax: +49-421-5189-871)

Office hours: Mo - Th from 7.30 - 16.15 h and Fr from 7.30 - 13.30 h. Out of office hours no call diversion.

## Disclaimer:

The information is based on present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurances of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. All descriptions are approximate values, they are not specified for construction of specifications. This safety data sheet does not represent any operating instruction according to national chemical regulations. It may be used for creation, but must not replace it. The employer is not relieved from his duties. All technical information to occupational protection are directed predominately to experts first (safety engineers, occupational medicines).